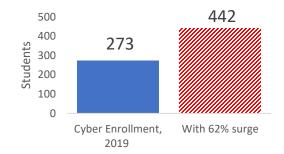




House District 123 - Representative Tim Twardzik

Payments to cyber charters up by \$1.6 million in House District 123 Failure to act now could increase property taxes by nearly 3 percent

Cyber charter costs are growing rapidly. Before the pandemic, 273 students in House District 123 were enrolled in cyber charters. Cyber enrollment has since surged by over 60% statewide, pushing estimated enrollment to over 442 students.



Because of sharply higher cyber enrollment, <u>cyber tuition costs in House District</u>

123 will jump by an additional \$1.6 million this year, a shocking 37 percent increase over the comparable tuition expense in 2019.

Rising cyber enrollment intensifies pressure on local property taxes. To cover this new cost, <u>House District 123 school districts would have to raise property taxes</u> by 2.9 % on average.

The current system of setting charter school tuition rates is broken. House District 26 school districts currently pay up to \$34,906 in special education tuition and \$12,693 for other students. That is significantly more than the actual costs of providing an online education and is a boon to cyber charter operators.

HB 272 will save House District 123 over \$1.6 million by bringing charter school tuition in line with payments to other public schools. The bill standardizes cyber charter tuition at \$9,500 and requires charter schools to use the same criteria as all public schools to calculate special education tuition.

HB 272 Reforms	House District 123 Savings
Standardize cyber tuition at \$9,500	\$752,689
Special Education Tuition Reform	\$944,917
Total Savings	\$1,697,606

Sources: Pennsylvania Association of School Business Officials (for cyber tuition expense increases and property tax estimates) and PDE (for enrollment, tuition rates, and savings estimate)